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**CPYRGHT** 

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## CIA seeks 'ordinary folks' image

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tral Intelligence Agency is, broadening its communication with Congress, with private

American scientists and with American industry. Almost, indeed, it might be said that CIA is for the first time gingerly entering ordinary American life — or as much of that ordinary life as its unavoidably clandestine basic cast can possibly permit. This, the most sensitive of the instrumentalities of the American government in the cold war has not, of course, dropped and



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cannot drop its inherent cloak-and-dagger

covering for some operations.

Within the limits of bedrock and unalterable security precautions, however, Admiral W. F. Raborn, its director, has reorganized its whole inner structure and approach to make a wide use of outside skills and talents—and formation—never before so wide-

ly available to CIA.

The production of sciontific and technical intelligence, in consequence, has been immensly increased. This has been principally through the cooperation of world-famous American men of science who have been brought in as cleared consultants. Some American industrial concerns have made large direct contributions of their own.

THAT RABORN, a professional admiral yet, has become the chief of the CIA in order to liquidate some of its old passion for extreme apartness is not without its irony. When he took over "the agency" there was much expressed fear that with a "military mind" at its head it would more and more tend to operate in darker and darker alleys.

The simple truth is that this has not happened. Nor has Raborn put in some GI system requiring endless saluting of the boss. In truth he has gone to the reverse. CIA was never so little a one-man operation as it is now. The admiral has given to the professional operative who is his deputy, Richard lielms, a degree of power never before held

by any man other than the director himself.

Helms, in truth, actually conducts the day by day operations of the agency. He sits as the CIA representative on the United States combined intelligence board, He, as well as Raborn, briefs members of Congress. The admiral, in short, cheerfully acknowledges Helms' purpose has been to merge his own executive and managerial experience with the intelligence expertise of Richard Helms.

One other fact is perhaps worth noting: no once in Raborn's regime has CIA been caught napping in any major outbreak of trouble for us around the world.

One of his creation, a new form of special intelligence task force for "special needs," involving senior operations officers from all arms of American intelligence, is on 24-hour

watch in every critical area of the earth.
The busiest at the moment is Task Force
Vict Nam — but Task Force Viet Nam is
not alone.

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THESE SPECIAL forces serve with far more coldly objective minds — as does the CIA collectively — than is commonly thought by eager critics. Still, nobody is naive enough to suppose that the best possible work will totally free CIA of the institctive skepticism and sometimes outright hostility of a public which has a healthy suspicion of secret establishments and an immense appetite for melodramatic spy fiction.

One of Raborn's central efforts is to teduce this skepticism, this hostility, by what in CIA language would be called the optimum possible.